The upside down economics of housing in Anchorage

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A strange time for housing



- COVID cost spike exceeds prior hot markets
- Major causes include:
 - High savings
 - Low interest rates
 - Lifestyle preferences
 - Age demographics



Median listing price in Anchorage



September 2019: \$334,636

September 2023: \$450,000

+34%



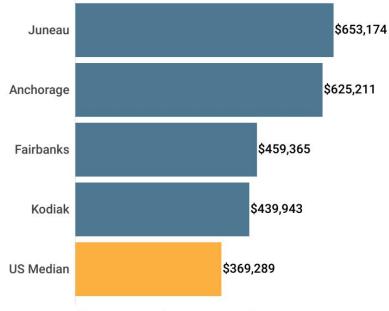
Source: Realtor.com

Actually it's worse than that



- The Cost of Living Index (COLI) tracks the cost of a specific type of house around the US:
 - 2,400 sq ft living area
 - 8,000 sq ft lot
 - 4 bedrooms, 2
 bathrooms
 - New construction

COLI home prices for Alaska cities



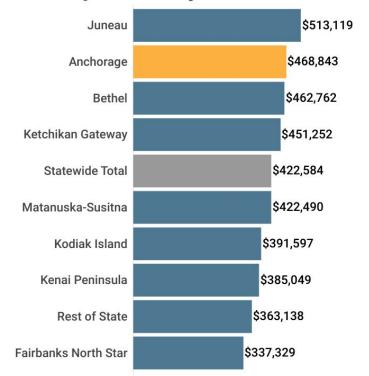
Source: Council for Community and Economic Research C2ER, Q1 2022

Average home prices around the state



- Juneau and Anchorage are most expensive
- Anchorage is ~10%
 above the Mat-Su
- Highway-connected areas outside of Anchorage have the cheapest homes in the state

Home prices vary across the state



Source: AK DOL&WD and AHFC, 2022 data

Demand is high, supply is low







Supply 🕹



Why did housing prices increase when we lost population?



- Anchorage has fewer people than in 2010, but more households
- Fewer families with children, higher population above age 18
- 2.71 people per household in 2010 ⇒ 2.56 in 2021

Household size changes in MOA 35,000 30,000 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5.000 0 4+ Number of People in Household 2010 2021

Source: US Census ACS 1-Year

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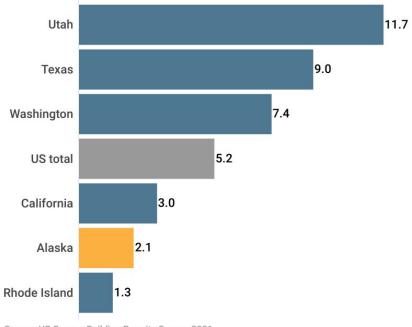
Very little housing gets built in Alaska



Alaska ranks 45th in the US for new housing units built, adjusted for population

High construction costs are likely the biggest culprit

Housing units permitted per 1,000 population



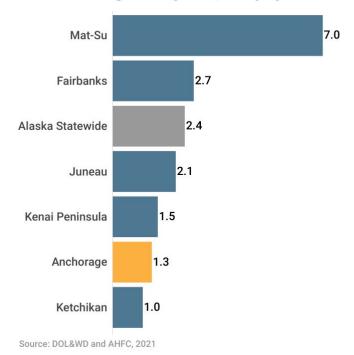
Source: US Census Building Permits Survey, 2021

Where is housing built?



- Anchorage currently adds less than 400 units per year
- To match statewide average:700 units
- To match national average:
 1500 units
- To match Mat-Su: 2,000 units

New housing units per 1,000 population



Why does the Mat-Su build so many more homes?



- Anchorage and Mat-Su have a shared economic base
- Land availability is a big factor
- Zoning, permitting, and regulations also play a part: how much exactly?



The rent is too darn high



- Median apartment rent is \$1,532 in Anchorage (DOL&WD in 2023)
- Vacancy is 4.1% (US is about 6%)
- Anchorage in top 20% of US metros for rent cost
- Very little multi-family construction for decades: difficulty of profitable development



Blame AirBNB?



- Uncertain how much to blame short-term rentals (STRs)
- About 2,200 housing units are STRs in Anchorage
- Equivalent to about 1.8% of all units



Zoning and code reforms



Any requirement raises the cost of development. Is it worth that cost?

- Minimum lot sizes?
- Aesthetic requirements?
- Setbacks?
- Limits on density and multifamily development?



By-right development



By-right development removes the discretionary aspect of approval, making development more predictable.



Solutions: financial incentives



- Property tax abatement (esp for multi-family)
- New sources of patient capital: loans with long repayment terms
- Public funds to finance site infrastructure: water/ wastewater, utilities, road access





CED Thank You!



